

THE OYEN NEWS

VOL. 17, No. 22

OYEN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 30, 1930



MACKENZIE KING GOVERNMENT DEFEATED

DeLaval Separator Oil

You should use the very best Separator Oil in your Separator to give best results and long life to your machine.

De Laval Separator Oil is specially refined for this purpose.
One half gallon Cans . . . \$1.15

Special
14 inch Stilson Pipe Wrenches . . . \$1.00

J. L. ACHESON
EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE

Announcement

I beg to announce to the citizens of Oyen and district that I have taken over the Bakery establishment formerly conducted by Mr. W. J. Hodges, and am now open for business.

Your patronage is solicited.

E. J. Keown

Baker & Confectioner Main Street, Oyen

Advertise in Your Home Paper

We Offer

A complete Building Service. See us for suggestions and plans.

We have a great bargain in Two new Combination Doors.

Now is the time to get our prices on granaries while our stock is complete.

Posts—Poles—Wood—Coal always in stock.

BEAVER LUMBER
COMPANY LIMITED
IN YOUR TOWN
AND A HUNDRED OTHERS

Say You Saw It in the News

Order your

Nichols Shephard Combine or Separator

Now ready for delivery.

The New Model "A"

Oliver-Hart-Parr Tractor

is on the market—Latest in design with greatest power.

Horses and used machinery taken in as cash payment.

Carload of Binder Twine just Arrived.

W. V. MILLER

OLIVER DEALER
OYEN - - - ALBERTA

Record Crowd Attends Sixteenth Annual Summer Fair & Stampede

Best balanced fair in the history of the society. Competition in practically all classes was keen, and number of exhibits far exceeded previous years. New Stampede arena proves popular with huge crowd.

Watrin Brothers of High River Placed One, Two, Three in Wild Horse Bucking Contest.

Oyen's sixteenth annual summer fair and stampede went "over the top" in great style last Friday, now records being established in attendance and number of entries. Fine weather favored the huge crowd till supper time, when a sharp shower drove some spectators to cover, but clearing quickly, the weather remained fine till the last stampede event was run off. Later in the evening rain again commenced to fall and continued overnight to a precipitation of 22 inch.

The stampede events proved very popular, and the huge crowd was able to get a splendid view from all sides of the enclosure. Many of the entries in the bucking contest gave excellent exhibitions and although some bit the dust, it was not until they had demonstrated their mettle before being thrown. The horses invariably proved very wicked actors.

The wild steer riding and other events all provided thrills. Mrs. Mammie Gibson, of Havre, Mont., gave an exhibition of fancy and trick horse back riding, and also rode one of the bucking horses.

Great credit is due Mr. Alf Gibson, president of the agricultural society, and those directors who so ably assisted him, for their untiring efforts to make the fair and stampede the unqualified success it was. As each year goes by improvements are made to stimulate interest and provide better entertainment, and plans for next year are already being formulated, to make next year's fair and stampede, bigger and better than ever.

The following is a list of the winners in the stampede events:

Bucking Contest—1st Leo Watrin, 2nd Eddie Watrin, 3rd Slim Watrin, 4th Casey Patterson, 5th Allen Gray.
Calf Roping—1st James McQuire, 2nd Carrol Martin, 3rd J. Payton.
Wild Cow Milking—1st Jim Baxter, 2nd Allen Gray, 3rd "Calgary Red".
Wild Horse Race—1st Bert Ingram, 2nd Jim Baxter, 3rd Bradley Crocker.
Cow Boy Race—1st Harold Coates, 2nd C. Heath, 3rd Alvin Fisher.
Steer Riding—1st Pat Lambrombo, 2nd Casey Patterson, 3rd W. McGee.
Horse Race—Open running race—1st Frank Coates, 2nd J. Wilson.
Pony Race—1st J. Wilson, 2nd Fred Wright.

Liberal Government Meets Defeat in Federal Election

Hon. R. B. Bennett, Premier-Elect Will have clear majority of 31 over all other parties combined.

Conservatives swept the country in the federal election held last Monday and ran up a majority over all opposition combined, which will leave them an ample margin to carry out their election program.

The following totals gives the results.

Conservatives	137
Liberal	85
United Farmers	
Ontario	1
Alberta	9
Labour	10
Lib. Progressive	3
Progressive	2
Independent	2
Doubtful	3
Total	245

Bert Johnson Show Deservedly Popular

The Bert Johnson show presented by Joe Marks in Oyen Tuesday, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday this week, was well patronized and proved good clean entertainment. The three big, well varied programs, given during their stay in Oyen, were well received and the popularity of the entertainers should assure for the company excellent houses on any return visit they may make to Oyen.

Fair Prize Winners

Horses

Class 1—Saddle for Boys and Girls
Sec. 1, Saddle pony, 14 hands and under—1st Howard Ireland, 2nd Ernest Heath.

Class 2—Saddle for Ladies
Sec. 1, Saddle horse, 15½ hands or under—1st Howard Cates, 2nd Basil Thayer.

Class 3—Saddle (Gentlemen's)
Sec. 1, Saddle horse, 15½ hands or over—1st Jack McCaffery, 2nd Rufus Cates.

Class 4—Carriage and Roadsters
Sec. 1, Team in harness—1st Rufus Cates, 2nd Howard Cates.

Sec. 2, Single Mare or Gelding—1st R. Cates, 2nd R. Cates.

Class 5—General Purpose
Sec. 2, Team in harness—1st Howard Cates, 2nd John Othen.

Hot Weather Specials

Ladies Voile Dresses

In many new patterns and Colors. All new styles. No two alike. Price \$1.50 and \$6.75.

Ladies Print House Dresses

Good styles and fast colors. Going at \$1.35

Stanfields Truro Knit Bloomers and Vests

\$1.00 and \$1.50 value.
Special—Vest 75c. Bloomers 95c.

Wabasso Silk

36 inches wide, in all the new light shades. Guaranteed fast colors. A very new style fabric for summer dresses. Special 85c per yard.

Wabasso Broad Cloth

All colors. 36 inches wide. Special 35c per yard.

S. A. MILLER



For Side-Hill Combining

The Only Satisfactory Side-Hill Leveler is Found on the



BETTER
BUILT
LOWER
PRICED
CATERPILLAR COMBINES

Equipped with Medium Hillside Attachment, "CATERPILLAR" COMBINES are as effective on rolling land and hill sides as on the level. The attachment raises or lowers the left main wheel, at the direction of the operator, by means of a power-propelled screw driven by the Combine engine. Installed at the factory or in the field it keeps the separator level as that straw, chaff and grain is evenly distributed over its full width, ensuring maximum efficiency to win the extra bushels that mean your extra profits.

FOR PRICES AND LITERATURE WRITE TO

Union Tractor & Harvester COMPANY, LIMITED

CALGARY: 20th Ave. and Eighth St. West Phone: 15626-17216
LETHBRIDGE: 715 Third Avenue South Phone 2601
WE HAVE A NUMBER OF BARGAINS IN USED COMBINES.



Class 6—Agricultural

Sec. 1, Broad mare, with foal by side—1st W. J. Ada, 2nd W. J. Ada.

Sec. 2, Foal, 1930—1st W. J. Ada, 2nd E. H. Davies, 3rd J. Caskey.

Sec. 3, Dry mare or gelding, foaled 1929 or prior—1st R. P. Hall, 2nd R. Cates.

Sec. 4, Filly or gelding, foaled 1927—1st R. Cates.

Sec. 5, Filly or gelding, foaled 1928—1st R. P. Hall, 2nd E. H. Davies, 3rd R. P. Hall.

Sec. 6, Filly or gelding, foaled 1929—1st C. S. Cates, 2nd R. P. Cates, 3rd R. P. Johnson.

Sec. 7, Team in harness 2700

to 3000 lbs—1st R. P. Hall, 2nd T. Abbott, W. J. Ada.

Class 7—Heavy Draught
Sec. 1, Broad mare, with foal by side—1st Howard Cates, 2nd and 3rd R. Cates.

Sec. 2, Foal, foaled in 1930—E. H. Davies, 2nd Howard Cates, 3rd R. Cates.

Sec. 3, Dry mare or gelding, foaled 1929 or prior—1st E. S. McNea, 2nd F. S. McNea, 3rd H. Cates.

Sec. 4, Filly or gelding foaled 1927—1st R. P. Hall, 2nd P. S. McNea.

Sec. 5, Filly or gelding, foaled 1928—1st R. Cates, 2nd and 3rd H. Cates.

Sec. 6, Filly or gelding, foaled 1929—1st R. Cates, 2nd and 3rd H. Cates.

(Continued on page 4.)

When a Laxative Gripes

--- BEWARE!

Severe abdominal pains, griping, after taking a laxative is an indication of unusual strain that may cause serious injury.

No laxative that causes such discomfort is safe, or necessary. ENO'S pleasant, gentle, safe and sure.

A daily dose of ENO'S "Fruit Salt" in a glass of water, night or morning, tones up and sweetens the entire system. And stomach, fatigue, biliousness, quickly disappear.

ENO'S
FRUIT SALT

The World's Grain Exhibition

The World's Poultry Congress is now in progress at the Crystal Palace, London, England, including a representative display of birds from Canada and with prominent Canadians identified with the poultry industry in attendance. A year or two ago Canada was honored by being host to the World's Poultry Congress, held in Ottawa, and which proved to be the most successful of these world's congresses held up to that time. Canada received most valuable publicity as a result, while the poultry industry throughout the Dominion was decidedly benefited there.

Canada is again to be host to a world's exhibition and conference in 1932, when the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference will be held in the city of Regina, Saskatchewan. It will be the greatest grain exhibition and conference ever held, with over \$200,000 in cash prizes, an unprecedented sum, to be awarded, while grain exports from all over the world will be in attendance to participate in the conference.

Already the response of countries in every hemisphere has surpassed expectations. To date nearly one million copies of the official prize list have been distributed in 84 countries. They have been placed where they will do the most good, and give maximum of advertising to Canada, and Western Canada in particular, in every corner of the civilized world.

Canada as a country dependent on agriculture, and suffering all the growing pains of the young, needs this advertising, and even supposing no person from outside Canada attended the Exhibition and Conference at Regina, in 1932, the world-wide advertising already secured would be an ample return for all monies expended to date.

But the countries of the world will be represented, not only by interesting and instructive exhibits, but by leading agricultural experts. The Government of Canada officially issued invitations to other countries to participate and today—two years before the event—eight countries have accepted. These are Peru, New Zealand, Guatemala, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia, Belgium and the Netherlands. The Governments of other countries, such as the United States, Great Britain, France, the Argentine, Australia, have asked for further and more complete information, and by 1932 it is expected at least 50 countries will have accepted the invitation and be present.

The management of the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference has taken advantage of the World's Poultry Congress, in London, England, this month to further its campaign for world-wide participation at Regina in 1932, and has sent an exhibit to London, and this week are entertaining in London, the official delegates of 56 countries. At this luncheon the managing director of the World's Grain Exhibition will address these delegates and outline to them why they should participate at Regina. Afterwards he will visit the ministries of agriculture, of the countries of Europe, to drive that message home.

Exhibits of the World's Grain Exhibition are also being prepared for the Canadian National Exhibition, and the Royal Winter Fair, at Toronto, and the International Grain Show at Chicago.

This is what is being done to bring the world to Western Canada in 1932. But, and this is important, Western Canada should not forget every effort to retain for this country the world's championship wheat trophy. Other countries are going to try and capture it; we are asking, even urging them, to make the attempt. Western Canada must therefore look to its laurels. The wheat harvest, the best in the world, must be alert and put forth their best efforts, individually and collectively, to retain for this Dominion the proud title of the World's Wheat King.

Now is the time to prepare for the exhibition. It cannot be put off until 1932. It must be done in 1930 and 1931.

To Cope With Cancer

War-Time Mustard Gas Now Used For This Purpose

Use of war-time mustard gas in combating cancer is described in the annual report of the grand council of the British Empire cancer campaign.

The report said, "Mustard gas seems to be the first true anti-cancer agent ever discovered." Action of the gases was explained as being localized to the particular area under treatment and its cure to be strictly limited in time. But none the less on that account a remarkable cure."

Balior Lake

According to the records of the Geographic Board of Canada, Balior Lake was so called in 1762 by Capt. Christopher of the ship "Churchill," who discovered the lake on ascending Chesterfield Inlet from Hudson Bay in that year.

A Tall Story

A borrower recently returned to a Canadian library a book he had taken out fifty years ago. They wrote "King in the Victorian era—Kansas City Star.

Rheumatism COME

After years of rheumatism, age in London, Ontario, was Mr. J. H. Baker, 65 years old, who writes: "I was afflicted with rheumatism for many years, and it was only after using your 'King of Pain' that I was able to get on my feet again."

THANKS FURTHER A-LIVE!

W. N. U. 1848

Archbishop Opposed

To Death Penalty

Says It Lowers Conception Of Sanctity Of Life

The Most Rev. William Temple, Archbishop of York, is one of the few witnesses who has come so far before the Royal Commission on punishment to favor the abolition of the death penalty.

"I dissent from the view that punishment should be regarded as a regulated vengeance," the Archbishop stated. "From a Christian viewpoint, vengeance is entirely illegitimate. The infliction of death or outliving would, perhaps, be justifiable in the case of a man who was wholly evil but no person was ever that."

The main argument advanced by the archbishop from a sociological viewpoint was that the behaviour of a community as a whole was so largely initiative that the reaction to the taking of life the state tended to a lower general conception of the sanctity of human life.

Summer Complaints

Kill Little Ones

At the first sign of illness during the hot weather give the little one Baby's Own Tablets or in a few hours he may be beyond aid. These Tablets will prevent summer complaints. If given occasionally to the well child, and will promptly relieve these troubles. It is essential to suddenly Baby's Own Tablets should always be kept in the house. There are young children. There is no other medicine as good and the mother has no time to waste. They are absolutely safe. They are sold by all druggists. Write for a free sample box, by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

May Purchase Canadian Land

Another English Poer Interested In Farming In Dominion

The possibilities of southern Saskatchewan for farming on a large scale were investigated recently by Lord Middleton, Yorkshire landowner, who is touring Canada with a view to purchasing land in this country. Lord Middleton specializes in breeding beef cattle on his 3,000-acre farm in the north of England. He recently made the decision to dispose of the whole of his estates, comprising some thousands of acres, driven to this step by the excessive burden of taxation to which every British landowner has been subjected since the war. It is his plan to take up land in Canada. He was an interested visitor at the Brandon Summer Fair, and in all the departments visited, those in charge were rather amazed at the knowledge he had of farm affairs and of horticulture. He has been over to Ontario some fifty Yorkshire lords, who will be placed on Ontario farms.

Toothache and neuralgia are instantly relieved with Douglas' Egyptian Liniment for the public. Also recommended for burns, sprains, sores and inflammation.

Father Of Many Inventions

Sir Charles Wheatstone Gave Many Scientific Ideas To World

The concertina celebrated its centenary by Charles Wheatstone's fifty-first birthday last year. It was invented and Charles Wheatstone, in 1829. He must have been a wonderful man, for his inventions seem to have been legion. Sir Charles invented, for example, the stereoscope, by which the appearance of solidity is obtained through the mental combination of two pictures, and the polar clock, which made it possible to tell the time by the light from the sky although the sun might be invisible. It was he who made the electric telegraph available for the public transmission of messages. And in between his scientific studies he sandwiched the invention of our little musical friend the concertina.

Wax figures for store windows in London are being made to represent Helen Vils, Princess Elizabeth, Prime Minister MacDonald and other well-known people.

Illuminated car badges are used by the messenger boys of a wireless telegraph company in London.

Thinning Hair

Stimulate your scalp and prevent dandruff by massaging with Minard's hair growth hair new lotion.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
MINIMEN

China plans to spend \$4,000,000 in improving its government telegraph lines

PRINCE AND PEASANT



Signorina Maria Rizzatti, Roman laundry girl, who has just married Prince Danilo, member of one of the oldest and wealthiest Italian families. The Prince called at the laundry to commend them upon the ironing of his shirts when he met his future bride.

To Patrol the Straits

Government Ice-Breaker Is Leaving For Northern Waters

The new government ice-breaker, the "B. MacLean," is to take her maiden plunge into Arctic waters early in August. The ship, which was launched at Halifax a few months ago, is named after Major MacLean, the government's chief authority on ice and ice-breakers, who commanded the Hudson's Straits expedition two years ago.

The ship will take up supplies to four directional wireless stations, established by the ministry of marine on Hudson Bay and manned by wireless operators of the railway. These stations are located at Cape Hope's Advance, Resolution Island, Nottingham Island and Fort Churchill.

The ice-breaker will patrol the straits all through the fall months to our when the northern ice begins to close down will protect the shipping in Hudson's Bay and through the straits.

Pleases Britain

France-Italian Naval Convention Will Help London Naval Treaty

Prime Minister MacDonald told the British House of Commons recently, that the British Government had learned with pleasure that France and Italy with a view of facilitating resumption of discussions on naval questions. Mr. MacDonald said the British Government hoped these Franco-Italian conversations would complete the work of the London Naval Conference and that the principles of naval limitation, as contained in part three of the London Naval Treaty, would be applied to all parties to the conference.

He said it was not necessary for the British Government to take any action in this connection regarding the British naval program of 1930 since this was purely for necessary replacements within the reduced tonnage limits imposed by the treaty.

Persian Balm — there is nothing like it for creating and preserving a lovely complexion. It soothes and dispels roughness or chafe caused by weather conditions. Delicately fragrant, it adds exquisite charm to the most finished skin. Truly woman's treasure. It is a lovely choice for Persian Balm. A velvety smooth skin it is. It is a lovely choice for Persian Balm. A velvety smooth skin it is. It is a lovely choice for Persian Balm. A velvety smooth skin it is.

Centenary Of The Match

France is preparing to celebrate in 1931 the centenary of the phosphorus match. It was 100 years ago that a young student, Charles Saurel, of Dole, dipped silvers of wood into liquid phosphorus and was able to light the match by striking it on a file.

Freshman: "What would you do if the girl you were calling on saved and shrieked that she never wanted to see you again?"
Freshman: "I'd jump to my feet and leave."

"And let her fall to the floor?"
An exceptional coconut tree may produce as many as 500 nuts in a year.

Railplane Has Been Tested

Torpedo-Shaped Coach Is Driven By Two Propellers

The world's first experimental railplane system, hatched by the London and Northeastern Railway, has been inaugurated at Milngavie, Scotland. A torpedo-shaped coach driven by two aeroplane propellers, operating fore and aft, and drawing electrical power from the overhead rail to which it is suspended, flashed over an experimental stretch of track built above the main right-of-way of the London and Northeastern Railway.

It carried 25 passengers and is capable of developing a speed of 150 miles an hour on a long stretch of track, according to its designer, George Bennie, a Scottish engineer.

The railplane is England's answer to the demand of the aeroplane age for speedier transportation. The new system was inspected by delegates to the Transpacific Congress, which met in Glasgow. If it wins their approval, plans for a railplane system between Blackpool and Southampton, a distance of 25 miles, will be carried out.

A railplane system can be built at one-third the cost of a double track railroad system, say the London and Northeastern experts.

Each railplane coach will be self-propelled, capable of running on the overhead rail will direct the course and guide rails will keep it from swinging. The car is stopped by reversing the propellers, which then act as brakes.

The aerial railway can be erected over roads, canals or as in the present instance, over railroads, without interfering with the ground traffic. Thus, in the case of railroads, a ground line could be used for freight, while the air line could be used for speedy passenger service and the carrying of mails.

Show Decided Increase

All Over Alberta

Progress Reported For Creameries

Alberta creameries during the first four months of the year have shown an increase of 4.4 per cent over the similar period of 1929, and 35 per cent above the same period of 1928. Creameries in the south of the province showed an increase of 1 per cent, those in the central part a similar increase, and those in the northern zone a 19 per cent increase.

Complete in itself, Mother Graves' Vaginal Cream is a complete system, requiring the assistance of any other medicine to make it effective. It does not fail to do its work.

Nanking Is Ambitious

Has Ambitious Plan To Reconstruct City In Big Way

Nanking, China, proposes to reconstruct the city in a big way. Already 77 proposals of improvements have been adopted. Among them are the construction of a river port, installation of a waterworks system, opening of a metropolitan park and a Grand Metropolitan Museum, provision for three clinics, promotion of industry and the opening of factories, development of afforestation, and laying out of a beautiful residential district.

HEADACHES

Needless pains like headaches are quickly relieved by Aspirin as a standard remedy known. And no matter how suddenly a headache may come upon you, you can always be prepared. Carry the pocket tin of Aspirin tablets with you. Keep the larger size at home. Read the proven directions for pain, headache, neuralgia, etc.



Artificial Wool

Artificial Sheep Will Grow Wool Indefinitely, Say Scientists

That artificial sheep will grow real wool indefinitely is the prediction of the British Research Association for the Woolen and Worsted Industry following recent experiments in the hair growth of animals. By merely slicing off pieces of live sheepskin and placing them in vials containing a certain chemical solution, the places may be continuously nourished and thus produce hair year in and year out. Cowlards also might be treated in the same way, say the association's chemists.

Morning Eggs Weigh More

Those Laid In Afternoon

Tests conducted on different chicken farms by C. Howard King, poultry supervisor of the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture and Markets, reveal that eggs laid in the forenoon weigh 24.15 ounces a dozen while those laid in the afternoon averaged only 23.50 ounces, according to a report from Madison, Wisconsin. This suggests another problem for commercial egg producers—how to make hens lay in the forenoon—and bigger eggs.

Minard's Liniment For Lumbago and Neuralgia

Game In Canada

The physical characteristics of Canada's innumerable lakes, extensive forests, and great open prairies—combine with its natural geographical situation to constitute a distinct faunal region, whose wildlife is to be found almost every species of game native to the North American continent.

ZIG-ZAG

Cigarette Papers

Large Double Cook

20 Leaves

For Use in Any

Automatic

Learn Watchmaking

Light Interesting Work

Good Watchmakers (every one)

can earn good money

For full particulars write the

CENTRAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL

Toronto

Foods Stay Fresh

Longer

This Way



Dares brand

Appleford Paper Products

Hamilton - Ontario

Western Representatives:

HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

AIRWAY PLANS FROM HUDSON BAY TO BRITAIN

Vancouver, B.C.—Imperial airways spanning the Northern Atlantic Ocean and Hudson Bay, some of the link Canada with the other aerial routes of the British Empire, declared Major-General J. H. MacBrien, addressing the Canadian club here.

President of the Aviation League of Canada, he told how plans are now being laid for a trial flight across the northern route via Hudson Bay to Europe in 1931. Conditions for this trip is now, through the courtesy of the Hudson Bay Company, being placed along the route.

At the same time, General MacBrien predicted that valuable as this connection will be in the Imperial scheme of things, a great portion of the air traffic between the United States and Europe may have to traverse the same route. Plans for the linking of the British Empire were first laid at the Imperial conferences of 1920 and 1924, he explained. As a result of these, the British-India route had been established and with it a feeder line running from Cairn across Africa.

On this feeder line, as he called it, the gold of South Africa is being taken to Europe and put into circulation weeks before it would otherwise reach great centres of population. This presents the saving of much in interest.

The speaker also pictured the flight of the R-100, which will soon take off for this country, as forging another link in the aerial chain around the British Empire.

"Canada's geographical position," the general said, "is a most fortunate one—we can control these routes that pass over our heads, and we must control them. We must have Canadian operated services."

Second Reading Given Naval Treaty Bill

No Division in British House Of Commons
London, England.—The bill suspending the London naval treaty giving effect to the naval reduction compact signed recently passed the second reading in the House of Commons without a division.

Parliamentary Secretary G. G. Armitage explained that under the legal system a treaty, although it might be binding and have effect on the British Government, could not be enforced in law courts against private individuals unless supporting legislation was passed.

Under the Washington treaty, Britain entered into certain agreement not to build or provide private shipbuilding facilities during the war. The London treaty contained alterations of three agreements. To give effect to them, the Commons was asked to approve the bill.

Compelled To Cancel Official Engagement

Weather Conditions Forced Prince To Abandon Airplane Trip
London, England.—For the first time on record the Prince of Wales was forced to cancel an official engagement because of weather conditions.

Weather reports from Wales indicated flying conditions were impossible and the Prince cancelled an airplane flight which he had intended making from London to Carnarvon to open the Royal Welsh Agricultural Show. As it was impossible to reach Carnarvon from London by train in time for the opening, the whole engagement was abandoned.

Raps Border Patrol Bill

International Falls, Minn.—Denouncing the proposed border patrol bill before Congress as comparable to "barbed wire fences between Canada and the United States," Congressman William Pittenger, Duluth, was the principal speaker at the Border Press Association's annual meeting here.

No Passengers Killed

Ottawa, Ont.—Railway accidents in Canada during May took a toll of 41 lives and resulted in injuries to 183 persons. It was shown in a report issued by the Board of Railway Commissioners. None of those killed were passengers on trains. Accidents at railway crossings resulted in 10 persons killed and 38 injured.

Peddlers of Cuba are offering cheap wares on the installment plan.

W. N. W. 1848

Aviation Pioneer Dead Scores Drowned At Coblenz

Glenn H. Curtiss Did Not Lose Faith When Others Became Discouraged
Buffalo, N.Y.—Glenn H. Curtiss, widely known aviation pioneer, died in the General Hospital here.

Mr. Curtiss was brought to the hospital in which he died at the age of 47, to undergo an operation for appendicitis. The operation was said to have been successful and he was reported recovering rapidly.

His wife, Mrs. Curtiss came here with her husband and has been almost constant at his bedside since his illness.

Hospital authorities stated death was due to pulmonary embolism, caused by a blood clot on one of the main arteries leading out of the heart.

Glenn H. Curtiss nurtured the young science of aviation in the middle years of its development, when fainter hearts had grown discouraged.

With a tonnage can for a car-buretor, he built his first motor boat in 1902. He continued to experiment with lightweight motors and evolved his famous V-type motor, a departure in design referred to as the "curtiss" engine of today.

In 1904 he set a motor vehicle speed record at Ormond Beach, Fla., of 100.36 miles per hour in 54 seconds, and in 1906, over the same course, travelled faster than man could travel, at a mile in 26.25 seconds.

His fame spread and drew the attention of the late Major Thomas Sopwith, British aviator and operator of balloons. In 1904 the two men met in Hammondport and installed a Curtiss motor in a Sopwith biplane.

Dr. Alexander Graham Bell, inventor of the telephone, commissioned Curtiss to build a motor for a man carrying life. Children were experimented with for a time, and then the men turned their attention to power aeroplanes.

Floods In England

Two Lives Lost In Consequence Of Cloudburst In Yorkshire
Whitby, Yorkshire, England.—Two lives have already been lost, and others are feared, in consequence of a flood that followed a cloudburst in the valley of the Esk River.

The last connection with the village of Haxby, in the heart of the flood area, was severed late today when the telephone wires broke.

Many families throughout the area are imprisoned in the upper floors of their houses. The train service has been discontinued and the roads are impassable.

Spectacular rescues were effected by the life-saving crews, who did not hesitate to wade through the flood water. From one house a woman and four children, who had climbed to the roof, were hauled through the flood by means of a breeches buoy brought into play by the coastguard.

Profoundly, house five people were rescued by the coastguards with life-saving apparatus at a time when the water had already reached the bedroom windows.

Twelve people were rescued from the upper storey of a mill. The town centre of Whitby, patrolled by the streets and warned the populace that the water supply would last for only 48 hours. The pipes from the reservoir had been burst.

Hoover Signs Naval Treaty

To Limit Fighting Vessels For Three Great Powers
Washington, D.C.—In the historic east room of the White House, President Hoover signed the London Naval Treaty.

Ratification by Great Britain and Japan and the depositing of all three signed copies in London resulted in the treaty being brought into full effect the covenant limiting for the first time the categories of fighting vessels for the three great naval powers.

No Reduction In Pay

Ottawa, Ont.—Department of railways and canals in a statement recently declared that men working on the Welland Canal were not reduced in pay as a result of the application of the eight-hour day and 44-hour week. All men, the statement said, will receive the same weekly wage as they did before parliament passed the legislation at the last session.

Small Fire In Orphanage

Winipeg.—The young inmates of St. Joseph's Orphanage here, marching in orderly fashion and were unharmed when fire attacked the institution. Starting in a cupboard, the fire quickly spread to the dormitory roof but quick arrival of firemen prevented extensive damage.

Poston Bridge Collapsed Under Strain Of Heavy Traffic

Coblenz, Germany.—Scores of persons were drowned in the collapse of a pontoon bridge here during celebration of the evacuation of the Rhine-land in which President Von Hindenburg had taken part. About 100 persons were on the bridge when it crumbled.

An enormous crowd had gathered along the banks of the Rhine during the evening at the so-called "Dutchess" bridge, where the Moselle River joins the Rhine.

They stood watching the display of fireworks and illumination at the ancient castle of Ehrenbreitstein in honor of President Von Hindenburg's visit.

When the display was over, thousands of people tramped across the pontoon bridge, which leads to a place known as "Security Harbor."

Suddenly, while about 100 persons were on the bridge, it collapsed under the strain of the heavy traffic.

Many were killed by falling timbers, and others were swept away in the black, swirling water and drowned, before help could reach them.

In the darkness, which lately had been interrupted by the light of the fireworks across the river, people could be heard splashing about and crying for help.

Rescuers immediately launched boats, but many of the victims could not be located.

ADMINISTRATION OF PEACE RIVER BLOCK BY B. C.

Victoria, B.C.—British Columbia has been interrupted by the Peace River block, and the railway block on August 1, under tentative plans announced by the government. Efforts are being made now to adjust the necessary administrative details by that date.

The actual transfer will be accomplished without the disturbance of existing administrative machinery. For the time being, federal officials will carry on.

Work is on as possible, however, the administration will be entirely overhauled to eliminate the present duplication by federal and provincial officials, particularly in the railway field, where two sets of officials have operated side by side for years.

The gift is to be administered by a board of public men. Invitations to serve on it have been sent, among others, to former Prime Minister Stanley Baldwin, Sir Joseph Stamps, the great financial expert, and to John Buchanan, novelist and member of parliament.

A Generous Gift

American Philanthropist Offers Ten Million Dollars For Educational Work In Great Britain
London, England.—The Daily Herald, government organ, says that Edward Harkness, of New York, American philanthropist, has offered £2,000,000 (about \$10,000,000), for the endowment of social and educational work in Great Britain.

The gift is to be administered by a board of public men. Invitations to serve on it have been sent, among others, to former Prime Minister Stanley Baldwin, Sir Joseph Stamps, the great financial expert, and to John Buchanan, novelist and member of parliament.

Children Faint At Service

Madrid, Spain.—More than 2,000 children fainted at a Communion Service here. They had risen early and fasted for the ceremony. When the hot sun came out boys and girls dropped unconscious. A staff of 80 nurses in attendance were inadequate to care for the sick. A total of 30,000 children were present.

Leaders Meet

Rudyard Kipling and T. B. Macaulay, president of the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, leaders in literature and finance, aboard the Canadian Pacific liner "Duchess of Bedford" on their arrival in England.

VISITOR FROM ANTIPODES



A. R. Harris, general manager of the Radio Broadcasters Co. of New Zealand, who spent the past two weeks studying conditions in Canada.

Air Tragedy Told

Aviator Makes Heroic Attempt To Save Life Of Youthful Passenger
Edmonton, Alberta.—A story of terrific storm and of a heroic battle by Dale Atkinson, Western Canadian pilot, in the freezing waters of Lake Nisku, Northern Saskatchewan, was told with the arrival of the body of the passenger, Woodrow "Chuck" Eagle, 17, of the Pas, Man.

Atkinson came out with the body in an aeroplane piloted by W. E. Gilbert.

Eagle died when Atkinson, running into a terrific windstorm which had attained the proportions of a typhoon, swung about, raced to Lake Nisku, landed and was pushed to shore. A cross gust of wind lifted one of the machine high into the air, toppled the aeroplane over on its back, and threw the occupants into the turbulent waters, which had been swept into fury by the storm.

Atkinson smashed his way into the cabin of the machine, found that his passenger was not there and made the pilot times in an effort to find him.

Near exhaustion, Atkinson gave up the uneven battle and swam the dozen yards to shore.

The fatality occurred on July 15. The bodies of the two young men were found on the shore of the lake on the body of July 19.

Terrified By Masked Rider

People In Hills Of Wyoming Receive Shocking Warning Letters
Wheatlands, Wyo.—Death threats signed "The Phantom Rider" received by several Fletcher Park ranchers in the ghostly ride in the mountains spread by the recent appearance of a masked horseman who rode the rugged Laramie peaks on a snow-white horse.

Five men and a woman are reported to have received the letter which were placed in the hands of officers seeking the "Phantom Rider" who recently rode into the yard of Charles Adams, 29, and shot the rancher through the shoulder.

Poses searched the hills following the attack but were unable to apprehend the mysterious horseman who is believed connected with recent cases of cattle rustling.

Children Faint At Service

Madrid, Spain.—More than 2,000 children fainted at a Communion Service here. They had risen early and fasted for the ceremony. When the hot sun came out boys and girls dropped unconscious. A staff of 80 nurses in attendance were inadequate to care for the sick. A total of 30,000 children were present.

Leaders Meet

Rudyard Kipling and T. B. Macaulay, president of the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, leaders in literature and finance, aboard the Canadian Pacific liner "Duchess of Bedford" on their arrival in England.

Beatty Issues Statement

Detailed Information On Air Service To Be Announced Later

Montreal.—In reference to the newspaper reports with respect to possible aviation developments in Canada, Mr. E. W. Beatty, chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, made the following statement:

"By amendments to its charter in 1919, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company was empowered to establish and operate services of aircraft of all kinds, and in recent years it has, through its express department, entered into contracts for express services with established Canadian air service companies. Discussions have taken place between the president of the Canadian National Railways and this company, looking to participation by both companies in the ownership of airway companies, both in eastern and western Canada, and these discussions have proceeded to the point where agreement in principle has been reached."

"It is anticipated that each of the transcontinental railways will have an air service, and when negotiations have been concluded an announcement in greater detail will, no doubt, be made."

Seeking New Trade Treaty With Canada

New Zealand Official Coming To Ottawa To Discuss Matter
Wellington, N.Z.—With the view of negotiating a new trade treaty between New Zealand and Canada, Dr. Craig, controller of customs, will be in Ottawa for several days to discuss the matter with the Canadian authorities and carry matters as far as possible before the opening of the Imperial Conference, in London, England.

Dr. Craig will subsequently go to London to assist in the Imperial Conference discussions on tariff and allied economic questions.

Trail Of Death Follows Quake In South Italy

Naples.—Amid the vineyard hills of the Apennines the simple Italian folk of southern Italy had counted on the number of 675,000, the half a score of towns tumbled to ruins by a series of terrific earthquakes.

Government estimates placed the injured at more than a thousand, and the dead at ten times that figure. Melis, picturesque mountain city, perched perilously upon the crater of the extinct Mount Vulture, was the ghastly scene. Even the ancient cathedral whose history in its several phases goes back to the ninth century was wrecked.

The almost inaccessible nature of some of the areas devastated made the work of succor and the estimation of casualties. Most of the towns hit the hardest are off the beaten paths of tourists, with poor roads and almost inaccessible attitude.

Several supply trains have been sent to points on the railroads in the interior of Naples, and hundreds of relief workers were penetrating the recesses of the agricultural area, offering relief to the still terror-stricken victims.

The quake stunned all Italy. It was the worst earthquake since Messina was all but obliterated in 1908. The first shock came an hour after midnight. Its own awful nature was supplemented by a tremendous electrical storm over virtually the whole affected area.

The shaker area extended from the Tyrrhenian sea to the Adriatic, but the coast settlements suffered in proportion to the mountain populations. Naples experienced several hours of panic with several houses and churches tumbling. Among this city's victims was the Countess De Rossi Vagari. Never in all Neapolitan history had this class of city experienced such stark-mad fright. A frenzied populace raced through the streets apparently heedless of the danger.

Wrecked bridges, snapped communication wires and many other obstacles had been tossed in the path of the relief workers by the upheaval of nature. Motor cars made little progress over unaccustomed roads. The highways of the area are notoriously undeveloped and rail lines passed through many gorges into which the quake had tumbled avalanches.

Several tunnels upon the road to Mezzano where 180 persons perished, according to official figures, fell in and blocked service beyond restoration for many days.

BRITAIN MUST ADOPT BETTER TRADE METHODS

London, England.—British methods of selling in Canada are severely criticized in the report of P. W. Field, to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, which has been made public by the department of foreign trade.

Mr. Field attacks "long distance" selling methods, the under payment of agents and the failure of British manufacturers to adapt themselves to the changing conditions in the Canadian markets.

The criticism is endorsed by the Financial Times, which says: "The plain fact of the matter seems to be that the British have neglected to cultivate the Canadian market by the adoption of efficient methods of selling."

"It is no longer possible to sell goods by correspondence, while it is often difficult to dispose of very large quantities of merchandise through agents on a commission basis."

"The Dominion has already done as much as she can reasonably be expected to do in giving British goods a preference which is estimated to mean a transfer of business from American to British importers of £400,000 in trade and naturally Canadians are entitled to expect a corresponding pre-emption of this great help in Empire unity."

Manitoba Appointments

Officials Named To Take Over Duties In Natural Resources Department
Winnipeg, Man.—The Manitoba Government has named seven important positions in its new Department of Natural Resources. They were made necessary through the taking over of the resources from the Dominion. All seven appointments were formerly employed by the Canadian Government.

They are:
Col. H. J. Stevenson, provincial forestry officer, to head the forestry branch; P. W. Noel, assistant director of provincial lands; John Tom, timber sales officer; W. B. McLaughlin, mining recorder, to be stationed at The Pas; Man.; A. J. McLaren, mining inspector, to be stationed at the same place; J. B. Hight, engineer of water power branch, to be stationed at Slave Falls.

The augmented department will have a personnel of approximately 135 when the staffs are complete, it was stated. Appointments to the fisheries branch are now being considered.

U.S. Increases Population

Expect New Census To Show Population Of About 122,957,000
Washington, D.C.—A total of about 122,957,000 people—just a few thousand under 123,000,000—probably will be the population of the United States for 1930, when the final count is announced here by Director W. W. Rosten of the census.

The 1929 population was 105,710,620. Should final figures bear out the calculation, the country would show a growth of around 17,246,000 people in the ten years.

This approximate total figure has been calculated by the Associated Press on the basis of actual preliminary returns from 40 states and the District of Columbia.

Offered Life Membership

Services Of Dominion Leaders Is Being Offered To Canadian Legion
Ottawa, Ont.—Patriotic honor life membership in the Canadian Legion is being offered the Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King and the Hon. R. B. Bennett, Sir William Clark, high commissioner for Great Britain, and the Hon. Jean Knight, under recently the minister of France in Canada, in recognition of their outstanding services in the interests of the retired soldier body and to the legion. The first occasion of Dominion honorary life membership being awarded was the presentation of the legion is announced by Lt.-Col. L. R. Lafitte, president of the Legion.

Celebrate Potato Day

Winnipeg, Man.—The city is to have a "Potato Day" either on August 10 or 7. A multitude will visit potato plantations, speeches will be made, and housekeepers invited to co-operate in stimulating the growth of potatoes in the province. This is being done under the auspices of the Agricultural Bureau of the Board of Trade.

Wonderful Display Of British Aircraft

Exercit Meet At Heaton, England, Created Great Interest

Aircraft soaring through the atmosphere at 200 miles an hour, or circling at the funeral pace of five miles an hour, monster ships and speedy ships, flapping ships and steady ships, all kinds of aircraft, to the number of 200, were gathered at Heaton, England, at the great aerial display staged by the Royal Air Force.

The "gate" exceeded that of the Derby, England's greatest race, so great was the interest in this great exhibition of the modern marvels of the air. For probably at no time and in no place have so many aircraft been gathered together in one place.

It was a six-hour circus—the modern circus. The R. A. F. sailed its way across the sky. There were manoeuvres by large formations of planes, mass parachute jumps, flying upside-down, "criss" flying and physical jerks by a squadron of nine ships. The squadron, linked by elastic cords, looped simultaneously carrying streamers. A weird turn was supplied by an auto-gyro with its huge four-blade wheels whirling very slowly at 45 degrees. The gyro demonstration was followed by a mimic, the mimic being a "Gouffing" Houdini-Pag equipped with darts to imitate the gyro's every move.

A Poor Business Head

But Famous Musician Get The Vioin He Wanted

The world-famous violinist, Jan Kubelick, is fond of telling the story of how he acquired his first violin. "I was—how says—a little chap at the time and seeing the instrument in a shop window in Prague, I begged my father to buy it for me. The shopkeeper valued the violin roughly £2—which my father thought too much, as it was quite a common instrument. As my father turned away I followed in deep distress, beseeching him to reconsider his decision. "Well," said my father at last, "run back and offer him 200 kronen, and if he will not take that, offer him 400 and if he won't take that give him 800 and offer him 1200 kronen, and if he won't take that, give him 2000." "And," adds Kubelick, "it wouldn't take a particularly clever person to guess what the man got."

A Mountain Of Fire

Sawdust In Seattle Has Been Burning Twenty-One Years

A fire has been burning for the last 21 years in Seattle and there is small chance of ever putting it out. It originated in 1900, when a pile of the old pioneer Taylor sawdust, Sawdust, accumulated in years of millwork, has formed a mountain of waste and sparks will smolder in its bosom until there is nothing inflammable left. Several times a year the blaze gets out of control and firemen are kept busy for weeks trying to reduce its size.

Saskatoon Exhibition

The Saskatoon Exhibition committee has prepared a prize list for finished beef animals open to Saskatchewan breeders only. They offer \$2,000 in prize money divided among five classes, and have arranged for the selling by auction of the competing animals on the morning of Saturday, July 26.

To Form Live Stock Council

One hundred and eleven representatives of the Live Stock Breeders' Association in the province of British Columbia, contemplate the formation of a live stock council. Temporary offices were arranged for at a meeting in Vernon.

Iceland's summer climate runs a temperature averaging 50 to 55 degrees.



He: "It's funny, modern girls don't seem to want to marry." She: "Probably because I tell them you ask them."—Pages Gates, Yverdon.

W. N. U. 1848

Use Of Fertilizers

Fertilizer Treated With Superphosphates Shows Remarkable Results

Although some may consider that the practically virgin soils of the west have no need of fertilizer, yet experiments now being conducted on the farm of R. B. Chant, a few miles northeast of Foam Lake, Sask., being watched with deep interest throughout the district and in wider spheres also. A field of 25 acres of Rye and wheat was sown with superphosphates under the supervision of the Department of Agriculture. So far, this field has shown remarkable progress. It is from six to eight inches taller than untreated wheat and appears to be eight or ten days in advance, having been headed out for some time.

At present appearances, a yield of at least eight to ten bushels per acre over and above what will be from untreated fields may be looked for which will have a handsome profit after defraying the cost of the fertilizer and its application. The field was recently inspected by Mr. Cameron, of the field crops branch, who pronounced it the best he had seen in the whole province. A good many of these test plots have been set up throughout the province and the general result will be watched with great interest. Dr. Chant says that the wheat gets such a good start that it is ahead of all weeds and thus helps in evening the wheat. This fertilizer is also of great benefit in raising wheat, a small application will bring vegetables ahead.

Contentment Is Best

People We Envy Might Gladly Change Places With Us

A well known farmer man parked his new Ford car at the curb when a troop of trench passed by. "Mister," they shouted in a spirit of mischief, "it's a new year car, isn't it?" The man smiled indulgently. "It'd give you my car," he said, "if you'd take all my troubles and worries with it." "Oh, keep your old car," they deprecated, and moved on. They probably would realize the significance of their reply, but we who are older understand.

We often envy a man his good fortune, but if we know of his misfortunes we would not exchange places with him. We pine for the luxuries the rich have, and grumble at our own lot, forgetting that many a millionaire sighs for the simple pleasures of the days when he was in moderate circumstances.

We wish we could attend the banquet to which our more fortunate neighbors are invited, and we do so try to realize how often they worry their poor brains to invent ostensible reasons for being.

You probably would not exchange with anybody if you knew all his position implicitly.

Do not envy. Better far, thank the Lord for what you have, and be contented.—A. B. Rhinow.

Occupations Far Apart

Inventions Of English Clergymen

A clergyman who evidently did not consider that there was anything incongruous in serving the Prince of Wales and the same time being a "gadgets" to help in the maiming and killing of his fellow-men, has just had a tablet unveiled to his memory at the Tower of London. England quite an appropriate place. He was the Rev. Alexander John Forsyth, a Scotsman, who invented the percussion lock for small arms, and also produced a detonating powder for which, it is said, he was offered £20,000 by Napoleon. Forsyth left his quiet make in the Tower, and when his duties were over he retired to his village with an enormous L.L.D. degree. The reverend inventor died in 1843. This is the first time a memorial tablet to a private individual has been erected in the precincts of the Tower.

Vast Area Of Canada

On a given day last summer, O. B. Plimle, administrator of the North West Territories, was at Alabat, N.W.T., Dick Plimle, son of the late O. B. Plimle, was at Alabat, N.W.T., and was with the Canadian Expedition to Ellesmere Island, N.W.T.; Miss Dorothy, the daughter, was at Kingston, Ont., and Mrs. Plimle was at Vancouver. All were in Canada and so were closer together than 2,000 miles. Few have any idea of the vast area of Canada.

Bandages Of Silver

Bandages made of silver, instead of cotton, apparently have the power of healing surgical wounds, according to the P. Paris, of Vienna University, Austria. The silver, applied in the form of a thin leaf, he reports seems to have a marked antiseptic value.

Heavy Gold Production

Canada May Advance To Second Place Among World's Gold Producers

Prospects are that Canada will this year advance into second place among the gold producing countries of the world. South Africa holds first place and the United States second. Last year the value of gold produced in Canada was approximately \$40,000,000. This year it is expected the value will be about \$50,000,000.

Almost without exception, the larger mines in Northern Ontario, the principal source of gold production in the Dominion, are expanding their output. Besides the straight gold producers there are several copper mines that add an important quota of gold as a by-product.

Within the next year it is likely that Manitoba will play an important role in gold production. The bulk of the expanded Canadian production this year will come from the Kirkland Lake and Porcupine districts in Northern Ontario, which, for several years, have been large producers of gold and silver minerals.

Leads The World

Britain leads the world in aeronautical manufacturing. It was stated in the Air Ministry's report of the progress of civil aviation. The report shows that more than £10,000,000 worth of aeronautical material was exported last year. All-round progress in both private and commercial aviation was recorded. Britain now has 21 aeroplanes clubs with a membership of 4,648.

Honor Land Surveyors

First land surveyors of the west were honored recently when a memorial cairn and tablet was unveiled near Headingley, Man., where the principal headman crossed the highway to Portage in 1812. R. C. McPhillips, veteran surveyor, unveiled the cairn.

EDUCATION ON WHEELS

Under the personal direction of J. McCowan, Assistant General Superintendent of Car Equipment, the Canadian National Railways completed, this week, at the Port Rouge Shop (Winnipeg), the above car for the use of the Ontario Board of Education.

The purpose of this car is to educate people at points where school facilities are not available. Adequate will be taken of this educational equipment by both children and older persons desiring to use the educational advantages thus brought right to them. Provisions are made to educate the young and old, and to count on the head frame, up to 100 children in the regular subjects taught in the local schools, even including typewriting.

The car is also designed to make a permanent home for the teachers. Entering from the living portion of the car is seen a large Baker heater which is designed to keep the car comfortable in the coldest weather; on the opposite end of the car is a large refrigerator 3ft. x 8ft., which will take care of the requirements for a considerable period. Next will be seen the kitchen with a neat range with hot water connections, a standard metal table and wash table covered with the same metal, under this wash table are the usual cupboards, four hot and cutting boards. Two large copper tanks are the means of storing a good supply of water. Over the work table are china cupboards fitted with seats and racks to keep china ware safe when travelling.

Joining the kitchen is a small living room with removable table, a couch, which can be converted to a lower and upper sleeping berth and a cupboard which can be used for storing various commodities. The floor of the kitchen is covered with battlement linoleum.

A small passage connects with the stateroom; this room is designed to serve the purpose of sleeping compartment or study. The couch in this room can be pulled out on rollers and made into a full size bed. A nickel-plated wash basin fitted with hot and cold water is in one corner, with the necessary mirror, brush and comb rack. Certain class of the room when desired and floor is covered with carpet. A wash room decked in white enameled separates the living quarters from the school room.

The school room is 27ft. 3 inches long and contains six large desks and six small ones, with a teacher's desk at one end; on this end behind the teachers' desk is a blackboard and two large book racks on rollers.

A large blackboard is fixed on one side of school room with four maps on rollers. At the school room entrance are two large book cases containing school text books and reading books. Drinking water is provided for the use of students in a cooler hung near the door.

Provision is made to keep all the school room supplies and teaching equipment, such as typewriter, scales, the globe, etc., near the teachers' desk. The floor of school room also being covered with battlement linoleum. A 16ft. flag pole is carried which is erected when school is in session. Full credit for making is finished in mahogany.

This is the second car of this description rebuilt at Port Rouge shops for the use of the Ontario Board of Education on points along the Canadian National Railway.

Agriculture & Wealth

Gross Agricultural Wealth Of Canada Estimated At Nearly Eight Billion Dollars

The gross agricultural wealth of Canada for 1929 is estimated at approximately \$7,978,000,000 in a summary published at the National Revenue Department.

Last year the total revenue from agriculture was \$1,067,218,000, of which Ontario accounted for \$509,434,000; Quebec, \$320,422,000; Saskatchewan, \$244,000,000; British Columbia, \$53,325,000; Nova Scotia, \$14,558,000; New Brunswick, \$1,684,000; and Prince Edward Island, \$20,723,000.

The two principal items which go to make up the total of agricultural revenue are field crops, valued at \$979,750,000, and dairy products, with an estimated value of \$290,000,000. Farm animals are third with a value of \$210,437,000, and poultry and eggs fourth with a value of \$109,348,000.

Noise Is Serious Peril

Investigators Find Health Of New York Residents Affected

A state of emergency exists in the city of New York as a result of the noise which is being produced there in the last few years, according to the first report of the noise abatement commission headed by Edward Flaherty.

The report stresses that the noise must be reduced at once or the health and efficiency of the city will suffer.

A sub-committee of physicians found definite proof that noise produces undue pressure on the brain, affects metabolism, produces partial or total deafness, prevents concentration, retards learning, and interferes with normal development of infants and young children.

Divorce by letter or telegram is now possible in Mexico at a cost of about \$2,000. These divorces are granted for "mental cruelty" and are valid in the United States and France.

Plays Chess In The Open

Missouri Enthusiast Had Huge Board Built In Garden

Perhaps chess is the last game one associates with fresh air and exercise. Yet there is one chess enthusiast who has succeeded in playing his favorite game under ideal conditions in the open. He is Mr. R. F. Goodlet, a wealthy citizen of Tupteto, Missouri.

On discovering that his liking for the ancient game kept him too much indoors, he hit upon the ingenious idea of an outdoor chessboard that would enable the players to get some physical exercise in the health-giving sunshine while concentrating deeply on what to do with their kings, queens, bishops, castles, and pawns.

Mr. Goodlet decided to have his chessboard at the rear of his home. The dark squares of the board were made of the lawn itself and the light squares were made of pieces of marble set in concrete. Strips of concrete formed the border of the playing area.

While the masons and gardeners were completing the board, the chessmen, which were made of the same material, were being made by the chessmen, which were made of the same material, were being made by the chessmen, which were made of the same material.

When the chessboard was finished it was painted in waterproof enamel, half the set in ivory and the other half in dark red. So cleverly were the chessmen made that the work that the big men were in perfect proportion to the enlarged playing area.

On summer evenings an electric lantern is suspended over the board, thereby making play possible and delightful in the open when it is dark and cool. So far as it is possible to learn, this giant chessboard is the largest in the world.

A Bushel Of Wheat

Farmer's Hard Work Means Nothing Without Co-Operation Of Nature

What part does the hard-working farmer play in growing a bushel of wheat? One Northern farmer is important as he and the officials of farm co-operatives may think it, the part of mere man in the making of a wheat crop may sometimes be overestimated.

At Ottawa they have recently found that in the making of a bushel of wheat, thirty-one tons of water are required. In Western Canada, the water is supplied almost wholly from natural sources without use of pumps or other equipment for artificial irrigation. It comes in clouds carried by the winds and descends in the form of rain or snow or dew.

Old Man Frost plays his part also. To make the good black dirt of Western Canada in which the wheat may grow, a combination of great natural forces has wrought for a million years.

Man may plant, may cultivate, may reap a plot of wheat, but after all, man in all his glory, with all his tools of production and his laboratorics can not create a single grain of wheat that will grow. The tolling farmers can help produce a bushel of wheat, but credit for making it they claim too much when they reap the full credit for making it.

Man may control the price of wheat after it is grown.

Happiness In Work

Men's Hours Are Empty Of Joy Said Roosevelt

I pity no man because he has to work. It is worth his salt to work. I envy the man who has a work worth doing and he will work. The busiest person is frequently the happiest. Men's hours are empty of joy. Man must work and struggle is order to grow. If he allows his mind to become idle and his powers to lie dormant he withers and dies.—Theodore Roosevelt.

Home Country In Canada

"Rise growing, as a business, is rapidly developing throughout Canada into a trade of considerable magnitude," according to an illustrated booklet issued from the Ontario Department of Agriculture. "Although the great majority of growers are found in Ontario, nurserymen and florists are cultivating roses in every province of the Dominion."

Manitoba Has Ancient History

British History In Western Province Commenced 315 Years Ago

"We have been told," said Dr. D. A. Stewart, president of the Manitoba Historical and Scientific Society to historians at a luncheon, "that Manitoba has no history. This is not correct."

"We have a long, interesting, romantic and useful history. This jubilee we are celebrating will send our roots farther down in our history than ever before. The farther the roots the bigger and better the plant."

Manitoba is not confined to sixty years of history, the speaker said, but has more than five times sixty years of history.

"Indeed, I must say," he continued, "nine and one-half times sixty years of white man history, for we have some reason to believe Scandinavian came along in the Red River before Columbus. But real British definite white man history in Manitoba began 315 years three centuries and 18 years ago."

"In this 315 years of history there have been five distinct periods, the province periods being the latest. The first came when Manitoba was found more or less by accident in the search for a fur trade passage. It was seen by Henry Hudson, and two years later by Thomas Button, who landed on Manitoba soil near the mouth of the Nelson River and remained there during the winter of 1612."

After Button came, he said, several other expeditions pushed their way into Manitoba, paving the way for the second historical period of 1670-1728, when the Hudson's Bay Company was founded and the Hudson's Bay Company was founded and the Hudson's Bay Company was founded.

"The third section of our history," Dr. Stewart continued, "was that of trade rivalry. This was the period from the east to Manitoba, the Hudson Bay gate, exclusively used from 1672 to 1783. Then the St. Lawrence-Great Lakes-Winnipeg River gate was opened. There was rivalry between these two gateways from 1788 to 1857, about 1870 the Hudson's Bay gate was closed and all routes led from the east. Now in 1930 the Hudson's Bay gate is again opened."

The fourth period of Manitoba history, from 1870 to 1900, we have called the period of the province's history, he said, and began in strife, but toward its end became prosperous and happy—almost idyllic. The fifth period, which began in strife, but toward its end became prosperous and happy—almost idyllic. The fifth period, which began in strife, but toward its end became prosperous and happy—almost idyllic.

"Today, it may be discussed as the future of Manitoba history, from 1930 to 1960, we have only to live down the five great periods of history. These are the ingredients of the Manitoba curricula, the sectionalist, the slack-witted and the waster."—Manitoba Free Press.

Have To Be Cleaned

Sculptured Flames On London Monument Need Attention Regularly

Men have recently been busy on the top of the London Monument (known as "The Monument"), where they have been cleaning the sculptured flames. Although most Londoners are familiar with the Monument, probably few could explain why it was erected, nor when, and many thought would look puzzled if allusion were made to the flames. The Monument commemorates the Great Fire of London, and was built in 1671-77, at a cost of £14,500, in Pudding Lane, East Cheap, where the Great Fire broke out in 1666. It is 202 feet high. Every six months the flames are washed, and next year they will be regilded. For this work the best 24-carat gold leaf is employed.

To Supervise Buildings

Efforts to control within certain limits the architectural style of buildings erected in Winnipeg, have been started by the civic zoning committee. The committee has asked the city authority to prepare legislation which the city authority to control architectural and other details of all buildings other than residences.



"Why did you steal a bicycle from the candy?" "I thought the owner was dead."—Hummel, Hamburg.

Canada Has Maintained Lead In Silver Fox Ranching Industry, Which Is Steadily Growing

Canada was the first to develop the breeding of silver foxes in captivity and has maintained her position in this respect that she is regarded as a world-leader by all other countries, where representatives periodically visit the Dominion in search of knowledge and advice in the conduct of similar undertakings. While silver fox ranching has been exploited here and there by individuals who have been stressing its financial possibilities, yet the industry as a whole has developed along sound and economic lines, due to the first place to the forefront of the pioneers and to the valid and conservative methods of the fox breeders of Prince Edward Island who nursed the silver foxes through its infancy.

The Canadian National Silver Fox Breeders' Association is the largest breed society in the Dominion and registers annually a larger number of pedigreed animals than is to be found in any other species of live stock. The 70,000 silver fox pups born in 1929, and registered by the association, are descended from less than a score of silver foxes taken from the wild by its founders. The remarkable growth of the silver fox industry is indicated by the figures of the last four years, taken from Canadian Live Stock records, of silver fox pups registered by the above association: 1926, 32,255; 1927, 30,767; 1928, 31,624; 1929, 70,000.

While Prince Edward Island is still the cradle and the home of the industry, silver fox ranching is being firmly established in practically every province of the Dominion, and is operating on a very large scale, more particularly in the province of Quebec. Silver fox ranching has also become established in a great number of European countries, and the shipments of live foxes are made annually from Canada, 2,568 having been exported from Prince Edward Island alone in 1929.

While there has been a larger sale of live silver foxes as breeding stock during the last few years than ever before, yet these animals represent only about 25 per cent. of the silver foxes produced. The main function of silver fox ranching is the production of skins. In each large number of silver foxes are not raised for sale in the sale of live foxes. As a consequence there has been a rapid increase in the number of silver fox pups coming into the market, but as the number has increased, a wider and more general interest has been shown in silver foxes by the buyers and by the fur trade as a whole. This has resulted, generally speaking, in a steady increase in the price obtained for silver foxes. Of course, as was to be expected, the financial stringency of last autumn had a marked effect on the prices of all pelts at the December and January fur sales, but silver fox furs were less affected than any other class.

During the last two decades of the 19th century before foxes were raised in captivity, it has been estimated that between 2,000 and 3,000 silver fox pelts were placed upon the market annually. For the past two years over 100,000 silver fox pelts have been absorbed each year by the fur trade, and as the number of captured wild animals has not increased, it is estimated that wild pelts comprise only about 2,000 of this number. This estimate is confirmed by the fact that at the different fur sales only two per cent. of the total offerings.

New School For Indian Reserve
It is officially reported that \$60,000 is to be spent on improvements to buildings in the Indian Reserve at Gleichen this summer. The finishing touches are now being put on the new school recently built on the Reserve at Gleichen.

Enhance your charm by wearing flattering jacket outdoors.
It is a season of jackets!
The one sketched is in green crepe silk, with combination with egg-shell.
The skirt shows slenderizing line in pointed hip yoke treatment. The jacket is in popular light length.
Style No. 3432 comes in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inches bust.
It is stunning with the dress made of chiffon print in icy blue color, with the jacket of dark silk crepe in matching shade.
Yellow and white sportswear linen with plain yellow sheer linen for simulated tuck-in bodice is very smart.
Pastel silk skirt, shantung and cotton or silk shirring sweater.
Pattern price 25 cents. Be sure to fill in size of pattern. Address: Pattern Department.

How To Order Patterns
Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 170 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg
Pattern No. Size
Name
Town

"They say: Time is money! If I had as much money as I have time, I would be a millionaire."—Hammel, Hamburg.

Branding Without Harm To The Hide



"The Western Producer," of Winnipeg, in publishing the illustration reproduced here says: "Canadian (Western) hides have a rather bad name amongst tanners, due to the fact that so many of them carry large brands on the most desirable part of the hide. Front quarter brands are least likely to spoil a hide."

Grain By Bay Route

Seventy-one Years Ago Grain Was Imported From Britain Into The Bay

Workers are toiling today on the steel and concrete framework of the grain elevator at Churchill, to aid in the movement of the 1931 wheat crop over the Hudson Bay route. But 71 years ago the Bay route was used for the shipment of wheat—at that time to the prairies which now supply consumers in all parts of the world.

In 1859 some eleven thousand bushels of wheat and seven thousand bushels of flour were imported for prairie settlers. The bulk of these supplies came to Red River (now Winnipeg), in the round-bottomed sailing vessels which braved the dangers of the northern route. Seventeen years later Manitoba shipped out its first wheat down the river to Duluth, Minnesota, and thence by rail to Toronto.

In the interim the western prairies have swelled their grain producing capacity until half-billion bushels of wheat are annually produced. And advancing trade is preparing to move out over a bay route used by grandfathers of folk who toil today.

Study Sheep Industry

Will Make Economic Survey Of Sheep Raising In The West

Dr. J. H. Grisdale has announced an economic survey of the sheep raising industry in Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia this summer. The Agricultural Economics Branch and the Experimental Farms of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, will co-operate in carrying out the survey. This survey, which will include a complete study of conditions in the sheep raising industry, marks the beginning of a program of research work in agricultural economics on behalf of the Live-stock industry. It is anticipated that between 150 and 200 sheep ranchers will be visited in the three provinces. Departmental experts will be assisted by representatives of the Provincial governments and of Live-stock Associations in carrying out work of the survey.

Wife: There's one thing about my mother; she's outspoken.
Husband: Not by anyone I know.

Empire Games at Hamilton



Hamilton, Ontario, will be the centre next month of the British Empire Games to which athletes from all the Dominions and the Mother Country will flock. W. W. Beatty, chairman and president, Canadian Pacific Railway, is chairman of the national committee of the A.A.U. of Canada for the Games, and promises of support have been received by the committee from Australia, New Zealand, Africa, British Crown Colonies, the Irish Free State, Northern Ireland, while a strong and representative British committee has been formed to ensure full British participation at this notable sports gathering of the British peoples. Canada will, of course, be fully represented, practically every province sending its outstanding athletes. The Games are scheduled to be held August 16-23.

Pale Western Outcurn One Of Worst Pests With Which Farmers Have To Contend

Will Exhibit At Big Show

Belgium To Take Part In World's Grain Exhibition

According to word received at the headquarters office at Regina, Belgium has officially accepted the invitation to take part in the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference, to be held at Regina from July 25 to August 6, 1932.

Belgium of course became very well known for the part it played during the Great War. It may be interesting, however, to note that Belgium and The Netherlands are two of the smallest but most densely populated states in Europe. In area they are together not so large as the province of New Brunswick and are but one-tenth the size of Manitoba. The population of each is, however, about equal to the whole of Canada. Belgium also governs the Belgian Congo in Central Africa.

Because of the density of the population in these small countries it becomes necessary to make the very best use of every resource the people possess. One Canadian writer says, "If their farmers farmed as we farm, it would be impossible for so many of them to exist in such a small land, but by their thorough methods of cultivating the land, and their industry, care and thrift, the Belgians have become a very prosperous people." According to "The Canadian Year Book, 1930," Belgium, in 1928, produced 6,700,000 cwt. of wheat from 429,282 acres; 1,500,148 cwt. of barley from 76,172 acres; 14,048,474 cwt. of rye from 579,085 acres. In addition to these field crops, the farmers produce immense quantities of sugar beets, potatoes, flowering bulbs and dairy products. With a such record, the great value of Belgium's contribution to the exhibition and conference of 1932 is assured.

Fish Industry

Canada Ships Fish To Almost Every Part Of The World

There aren't very many corners of the globe where Canadian fish in one form or another is not sold.

Last year Canadian fish and fish products found markets virtually all over the world and accounted for nearly \$86,000,000 of the export trade in the Dominion's trade with other countries. Canada's exports of fisheries products in 1929 amounted in value to more than nine times the imports.

The exports vary from frozen smelts and canned salmon to canned whale meat, but the biggest single item of value is canned salmon, virtually all of it from the great canning industry of British Columbia. In 1929 nearly 91 million pounds of Canadian canned salmon were sold abroad, with the value representing \$8,865,000 in value. Australia and New Zealand were purchasers to the amount of more than \$2,700,000. Sales to the United Kingdom had a value of \$1,780,000, in round figures, while purchases from France totalled \$1,709,000 and Italy took canned salmon to the value of \$718,000. About 25 or 30 countries were buyers.

Shortage In Egg Production

Report Shows Extra Grade Is Becoming Quite Scarce

The production of eggs is still declining all over Canada, states the weekly egg and poultry report of the Dominion Department of Agriculture. The market is generally inclined to be particularly extra, which grade is becoming quite scarce. While there has been no material advance in prices of eggs, as yet, there is a much stronger undertone. A number of the larger consuming centres in the east local receipts of eggs are many sufficient to meet the consumption demand.

New Grievance Against Autos
Farmers of Scotland have found a new grievance against the automobile. Entries to the fall fairs this year are to be few because, they say, the increasing number of cars make it unsafe to drive their choice livestock along the highways leading to the events. Some sheep owners plan to buy machines to transport their animals.

Mystery Bus Trips A Novelty
Dublin, Irish Free State, has just introduced auto-bus mystery trips as a novelty. Passengers are given a fifty-mile drive every evening during the summer for 60 cents. There is a stop of one hour at popular resorts. The route is not announced beforehand in order to arouse interest.

The pale western outcurn is one of the worst insect pests with which the farmers of Alberta and Saskatchewan have to contend. Its presence in a field in the spring depends entirely on the condition of the field during August and early September of the previous year. For this reason, this warning is issued so that farmers in these two provinces may prepare their fields this summer to avoid trouble next spring.

The weather conditions during the early season of 1930 have been such as to practically ensure an enormous increase of the pale western outcurn over a large area in both Alberta and Saskatchewan. In fact, it appears now as though these provinces would have the most widespread and devastating outbreak of this insect that has ever occurred.

The outbreak will be most severe in Alberta, from Edmonton south to the Lethbridge-Medicine Hat line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and east of the McLeod-Rimmon line. There was undoubtedly some increase south of Lethbridge and Medicine Hat and farmers in that area will have to handle their fields accordingly.

In Saskatchewan the outbreak will probably be quite extensive, but not so katkatic to the border. The most severe damage will probably occur in a 100 mile radius of Regina. The first outbreak of this pest which occurred in 1930 over the rest of Saskatchewan west of a north and south line, was in 1928, produced 6,700,000 cwt. of wheat from 429,282 acres; 1,500,148 cwt. of barley from 76,172 acres; 14,048,474 cwt. of rye from 579,085 acres. In addition to these field crops, the farmers produce immense quantities of sugar beets, potatoes, flowering bulbs and dairy products. With a such record, the great value of Belgium's contribution to the exhibition and conference of 1932 is assured.

Wherever possible, farmers are urged to keep entirely off their fields from the first of August until the middle of September. Summerfallow should be well worked during July so that all weed growth is destroyed and then left untouched. No stock should be allowed to run on the land and no machinery taken across it.

The adult moth of the pale western outcurn lay their eggs during August and early September. The eggs are always laid in soft, dusty soil and any fields which have the soil surface crusted will be largely avoided by the moth. In most soils a light rain is sufficient to break the crust and scatter the eggs. If the last cultivation is followed by such a rain the crust that is formed should not be broken in any way.

Fields which are in crop that must be harvested during August will have the surface crust destroyed by these operations and the outcurn will be present there next spring. If the crop is such that it can be left until the middle of September or can be cut and stacked before the first of August, nothing should be allowed to disturb the soil crust between those dates.

The entire problem during a pale western outcurn outbreak can be simply expressed in two words: "Protect."

Any fields in which the soil surface is crusted and undisturbed from the first of August to the middle of September will be reasonably free of outcurns the following spring.

2. Any fields in which the soil surface crust is broken or disturbed between the first of August and the middle of September, are reasonably sure to be infested with outcurns the following spring. If such fields are seeded the crop will probably be destroyed.

The only hope of growing crops successfully over the outbreak area in 1931 if the foregoing recommendations are not followed is depends entirely on the spring rainfall. Wet season during next May and June with frequent heavy rains may mean the amount of damage. When the soil is wet the pale western outcurn does not feed as heavily or destroy as many plants as it does when the soil is dry.

More detailed information can be secured by writing to the Dominion entomological laboratory at Lethbridge, Alberta; Saskatoon, Saskatchewan; Indian Head, Saskatchewan; or, Trebbach, Manitoba.

Elise: "Tell me, mummy, what do you really look like?"—Sondangisse Stris, Stockholm.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Rockefeller Foundation has decided to give \$450,000 to the University of Sydney, Australia, for medical research.

The Irish Free State, like Great Britain, gave the European union idea cost treatment in a note responding to a Foreign Minister's question.

British Columbia's lumber industry is holding its export markets better than Washington and Oregon, according to H. R. MacMillan, leading exporter.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce shipped \$1,000,000 in gold to Canada, from New York, the first important shipment of the yellow metal across the border since 1927.

Value of building permits issued in 61 Canadian cities during June was \$17,356,478, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

"Pure invention," was how Sir Godfrey Thomas, private secretary to the Prince of Wales, described a story that the Prince plans a United States visit and Canadian "camping holiday" this year.

Seven thousand specimens of poultry from 23 countries, including Canada and the United States, went on exhibit in the Crystal Palace, London, England, for the World's Poultry Show.

To commemorate the action of the 700 Indians who decided to let the British crown all land extending west to York, a cairn will be erected at Carrying Place, Prince Edward County, Ontario. A 25-foot plot at the main corner of the village has been chosen as the most suitable location.

The death occurred of James M. Coleman at his residence, 356 Oliver Avenue, Montreal. Mr. Coleman was a well-known figure in railway circles and was the inventor of the Coleman locking device, which prevents passenger cars from being derailed in a railway collision. He was in his 70th year.

Anxious To Capture Market In Canada

Australia Makes First Shipment Of Oranges For Distribution
The first shipment of Australian oranges to enter Vancouver, 5,000 cases from Sydney, N.S.W., was unloaded recently for distribution at various points throughout the Dominion.

To capture the Canadian market for Australian orange growers is the aim of the wholesale fruit distributors organization of Sydney, which two months ago sent W. H. Pierce here to pave the way for the drive.

Claiming that the Australian fruit surpasses the best from the United States, the fruit growers of New South Wales believe that their product will quickly win a large share of the market that the United States produces now.

Banded Bird Law Co-Operation With Proper Authorities Is Required

It is important that any person who finds a banded bird report the fact to the National Parks of Canada Branch, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, giving the species of the bird, band number, date and locality of occurrence, and information as to whether the bird was found dead, was killed, or is released alive still wearing its band. Persons reporting banded birds will be informed promptly respecting the place and time of banding.

Scotman: "How much to press a pair of trousers?"
Agent: "One shilling."
Scotman: "Then press one leg for sixpence—I am having my photograph taken side view."

She: "And don't you ever forget that I threw over a millionaire's son just to marry you."
He: "Yes that guy was not only born rich but lucky as well."



Novel Attempt To Escape From Prison

Robber Seized Sentence In Sing Sing Sewed Up In Mattress

A novel method of attempting escape from Sing Sing prison was uncovered when guards found Jack Levy within a mattress made in the prison factory. Levy, small and middle-aged robber, almost got away with it. He would now be on his way to freedom but for the curiosity of Victor Brown, keeper-chaplain, who thought a pile of mattresses on his truck looked suspiciously job-sided although it had been twice inspected by other guards.

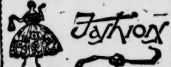
Brown summoned Principal Keeper Sheehy and a search was instituted. Sheehy ripped open one misshapen mattress and discovered Levy. Levy had a razor with which to cut his way out, and a hammer. The robber will be sent to Clinton Prison, Dannemora, N.Y. His attempted escape will put back his earliest possible date of release to 1932. Levy was sewed into the mattress from the outside. His accomplice has not been found.

Tuning Out Noise

Idea Of Scientists, If Carried Out, Would Be Born To World

A person is in an office that looks out on a busy street, and traffic is roaring past him normal speech inaudible. He touches a switch and the noises fade away to nothing. The traffic is still striding past, but one cannot hear a sound. That is the promise made by a well-known scientist, Dr. James Robinson. Dr. Robinson's idea is that sound waves might be "tuned out" in the same way as we get rid of unwanted broadcasting stations on our wireless set. Special apparatus built into the walls of a building will "trap" the sound waves and in this way we really shall get the silence of the highway. The mechanical world in which we live gets noisier and noisier.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



(By Anabelle Worthington).



CHARMING YOUNG PRINCE

Photograph shows Crown Prince Michael, of Roumania, who was recently relieved of the cares of king when his father, Prince Carol, returned and took over the throne he renounced, with his faithful dog.

Patrol Northern Highway

Mounted Policemen To Watch Traffic On Prince Albert National Park Road

Mounted Police in Saskatchewan assumed a new role when a member of the scarlet coated force heads northward from Prince Albert recently on a brand new motorcycle to inaugurate the system of patrols on the Prince Albert National Park Highway. Speedsters will have to watch their step in the future, for if they exceed thirty miles an hour the mountie may get them and then a fine up to the maximum of \$100 awaits the offenders on conviction. Other regulations to be enforced require motorists to keep on the right of an imaginary line down the centre of the highway, to make sure his vision to the rear and to each side is not obstructed and not to catch up and pass another vehicle at a blind curve.

Heavily loaded trucks with loads protruding behind the sides of the vehicle will be required to pull well out to the side and stop if necessary to permit an approaching vehicle to pass. There are no set hours for the patrol, but it will be maintained throughout the day, and at times when traffic is particularly heavy. The mounted policeman astride his motorcycle will be seen at night slipping along the highway to check up on reckless drivers.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

PEANUT BUTTERED APPLES

Six large tart apples; one-fourth teaspoon salt; three-fourths pound peanut butter; and four tablespoons lemon juice are required. Spread thinly sliced apples over the bottom of a baking dish. Sprinkle with salt, place a layer of peanut brittle on top, and repeat until all the apples and candy are used. Four lemon juice over top layer of apples before adding the last layer of brittle. Bake in a slow oven at 325 degrees for one hour.

PINEAPPLE ORANGE SPONGE

1 package orange flavored gelatin.
1 cup boiling water.
1 cup pineapple juice and cold water.
1 cup shredded pineapple, drained.
Dissolve gelatin in boiling water. Add pineapple juice and cold water. Chill. When slightly thickened, beat with rotary egg beater until of consistency of whipped cream. Fold in pineapple. Turn into mold. Chill until firm. Unmold. Serves 8.

Will and Philosophy

Puns are not always properly attributed to their original author—possibly because puns have been condemned as the lowest form of wit. But some are worthy to live. Here is one which sums up whole systems of philosophy, but it was originally aimed at George Berkeley's (1685-1753) venturions regarding matter and mind.

"What is mind? No matter. What is matter? Never mind"—Christian Science Monitor.

The Modern Maid

In answer to the advertisement of a Weymouth, England, boarding house keeper for a housemaid, a girl demanded a salary of \$225 a year, every Sunday and three evenings a week off, and a garage for her motorcycle.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

AUGUST 3

NAOMI AND RUTH

Golden Text: "And He made of one every nation of men to dwell on all the face of the earth."—Acts 17: 26.

Lesson: The Book of Ruth.
Devotional Reading: Isaiah 61: 1-7.

Explanations and Comments

The Beginning of the Story, 1: 13.—In the days of the Judges, there was a famine in the land of Canaan, and to escape it a Bethlehemite, Elimelech, and his wife Naomi, and their two sons, left their home and settled in Moab across the Jordan. The Jews have a legend to the effect that Elimelech was of a princely house, a descendant of Amminadab, the father-in-law of Aaron, that he was wealthy, and left the country in the time of famine in order to preserve his wealth intact, for he was afraid of being beggared by his starving brethren.

In Moab the two sons married daughters of that alien land, Ruth and Orpah. Ten years passed, father and sons found their graves there, and Naomi, now poor, whatever she had been in Bethlehem, determined to return to her native land. As the journey took place in the home in eastern lands, and Ruth and Orpah, but the latter returned to her father's house, Naomi thought they had gone far enough to show her fitting respect, and with all her power Naomi with tears and kisses she bade them return to their homes and live on her way alone.

Ruth's decision, verses 14-18.—Though it grieved Orpah to part with her mother-in-law, she kissed her and returned to her father's house. Naomi urged her to go, but Ruth, however, clung to Naomi, and all her power Naomi sought to dissuade Ruth from accompanying her. "Hiddest thou say, 'My sister-in-law is gone back unto her people, and unto her god' (Ruth), return thou after thy sister-in-law." In answer Ruth uttered those beautiful words which have become so famous through the ages: "Where thou go, I will go; and where thou lodgest, I will lodge; thy people shall be my people, and thy God my God." The ancient belief held that each people had its own god, and that in going to another land one must necessarily serve the god of that land; compare 1 Samuel 26.

"Ruth was a Moabitess, of an accursed race, who according to the law of Moses was not allowed to enter the congregation of the covenant. While this story finally teaches that no such disability remains when faith in God is centered, we must not forget the difficulty as it existed when the great deliverer, Jesus, the Son of the Hebrew people, would have the gentiles enter the church. Again, there was nothing calculated to allure them from their material prosperity. Those she had known of the people of Jehovah had been compelled to leave their land on account of famine. From them she knew of the perils of their life, and had remained in the land, and all the squalor of their condition. She came back with Naomi into poverty, and to people who in all probability were hostile to them both."—G. Campbell Morgan.

"Large is the life that flows for clays' sakes; Expands its best, its noblest effort Devotion rounds the man and makes him whole; Love is the measure of the human soul."—James Buchanan.

Captain Sherlock Has Newest Air Record

Flew Mail Plane 1,500 Miles In One Day Making Five Stops

Record achievements in the air are just part of the day's work in the north country. The newest feat, unparalleled among the brilliant exploits of the sub-aerial fliers is that of Captain W. N. Sherlock, Commercial Airways pilot. In less than a day he flew the mail from Fort McMurray, in northern Alberta, to Akivik, on the topmost rim of Canada—some 1,500 miles—making five delivery stops en route. Son of Sir Francis and Lady Sherlock, Irton Hall, Cumberland, England, Captain Sherlock is a former member of the Royal Air Force. He has seen war and peace-time service in France, India, Egypt and Mesopotamia. Before joining the Commercial Airline, he was a member of the flying staff of Dominion Explorers.

On the morning of June 26, at 5:45 o'clock, Captain Sherlock took off from Fort McMurray air base, flying a Bellanca Macmaster. Less than 21 hours later, at 2:25 o'clock the next morning, with the midnight sun casting its twilight glow, he landed the mail at Akivik, within the Arctic circle. On his way, he made postal deliveries at Fort Resolution, Fort Simpson, Fort Norman, Fort Reliance, and Fort Redoubt, before rushing Mackenzie River. Captain Sherlock's flight—just one of the records set up by fearless airman speeding to and fro across the barren of the north—was the first one-day flight from Alberta to Akivik.

When Aviators Trespass

Judge Rules People Own Air Five Hundred Feet Up

Aviators must fly at least 500 feet high to avoid trespassing on property over which they pass. Federal Judge George P. Hahn, of Cleveland, Ohio, ruled in a precedent setting decision.

The decision was on a bill of complaint brought a year ago by two suburban property holders against the Curtiss Air Corporation, the Ohio Air Terminal Company and the Curtiss Flying Service. The complaint cited the ancient Roman legal principle, "Whosoever controls land controls it from the centre of the earth to the zenith," and sought an order forbidding "planes to pass over the property." Judge Hahn ruled that the "effective possession" of such property extends only 500 feet up.

On Arbitration Board

Appointment has been announced of the Rt. Hon. Mr. Justice Duff, of the Supreme Court of Canada, to act as Canadian representative on the arbitration board in connection with the "I'm Alone" proceedings. Mr. Justice Duff succeeds to the position made vacant by the death of the late Eugene Lauffer, K.C.

In acid soil, hydrangeas bear blue flowers, whereas in neutral soil they bear the "normal" pink blossoms.

Make Your Windows Pay

Invest in WINDOLITE Windows and you will be repaid a hundredfold in the health of your Poultry and Live Stock



THE ORIGINAL GLASS SUBSTITUTE
MADE IN ENGLAND SINCE 1917 ON ORIGINAL PATENTS

This unbreakable glass substitute is light and flexible, easy to cut and will withstand extreme changes in temperature, keeps out cold and wet, but allows the full sunlight to enter, including the healthy Ultra-Violet Rays, which do not penetrate ordinary glass.



Canadian breeders of poultry and livestock are finding Windolite a most satisfactory and profitable investment. Young chickens and turkeys are entirely free from leg weakness and disease and will thrive in confinement under Windolite. Windolite comes in rolls any length, but 36 inches wide only.

Distributors: JOHN A. CHANTLER & CO., LTD.
51 Wellington St. W. TORONTO, ONT.

Professional Cards

Dr. S. R. McGregor
Physician and Surgeon
Office - First Avenue East
Office and Residence - Phone 7

J. J. Kelly, L. L. B.
Barrister, Solicitor and
Notary Public
Money to Loan
Oyen, Alberta

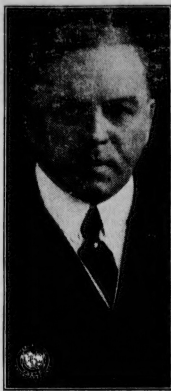
John P. Kerr
Veterinary Surgeon
Graduate of Ontario
Veterinary College.
Oyen, Alta

OYEN CARTAGE
AND TRANSFER

Motor Truck Service
Water Delivered
Leave Orders on Pad in Office

W. D. MORRELL
Phone: Residence Office 65

MEETS DEFEAT



HON. MACKENZIE KING
whose party went down to defeat in Monday's election.

About Town and Country

Under the auspices of the local W.V.I., there will be presented in the Oyen Theatre Monday and Tuesday nights, August 4 and 5, the talkie entitled "The Desert Song". This production is one of the best and ranks first among 1929 productions. No one could fail to see this, at the moderate price of 60 cents for Adults and 25 cents for children.

Mr. Gordon Caswell and party who have been spending a vacation, visiting various mountain resorts, returned to Oyen this evening.

Mr. W. F. Pratt returned to Oyen from the coast, where he has been spending a short vacation with his family. Mrs. Pratt and the children will remain in Vancouver for another month.

Miss Lois Jones of Minneapolis is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thornton Ford of Beaton.

Mr. and Mrs. McLaren and daughter Joyce and the Misses Winnie and Catherine Love, were visitors at Gooseberry Lake last Sunday.

Mr. R. J. Scott who was a business visitor in Calgary and Edmonton last week, returned to Oyen yesterday.

Eugene Wilkenson who has been visiting in Oyen, returned to Calgary last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Cross of Luncashire, Eng. who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Danton, left last Tuesday, en route home.

Mrs. James Lees and children left last Wednesday for Calgary, en route to the coast where they will spend a vacation.

by registered stallion, donated by Dr. J. P. Kerr - 1st T. Abbott 2nd W. J. Ada.

10. For the best mare and two of her get, foaled in 1928, 1929, or 1930, donated by F. S. McNe - 1st E. H. Davis, 2nd R. P. Hall.

11. For the best four horse team on the grounds, donated by the Society - 1st R. Cates, 2nd R. P. Hall, 3rd Howard Cates.

Cattle

Class 11 - Registered Shorthorn
Sec. 1, Bull born in 1928 or prior - 1st Len Walker.

Sec. 2, Bull born in 1929 - 1st E. H. Church.

Sec. 4, Cow, born in 1927 or prior - 1st Len Walker, 2nd E. H. Church.

Sec. 5, Heifer, born in 1928 - 1st and 2nd, Len Walker.

Sec. 6, Heifer, born in 1929 - 1st E. H. Church, 2nd Len Walker.

Sec. 7, Calf, born in 1930 - 1st and 2nd, E. H. Church.

Class 12 - Registered Holstein
Sec. 2, Bull, born in 1929 - 1st D. Peck, 2nd D. Warwick.

Sec. 3, Calf, bull, born in 1930 - 1st D. Warwick.

Sec. 4, Cow, born in 1927 or prior - 1st D. Warwick.

Sec. 5, Heifer, born in 1928 - 1st D. Warwick.

Class 15 - Registered Hereford
Sec. 1, Bull, born in 1928 or prior - 1st C. Stauffer, 2nd E. Anderson.

Sec. 2, Bull, born in 1929 - 1st C. Stauffer.

Sec. 3, Calf, bull, born in 1930 - 1st C. Stauffer.

Sec. 4, Cow, born in 1927 or prior - 1st and 2nd C. Stauffer.

Sec. 5, Cow, born in 1928 - 1st and 2nd C. Stauffer.

Sec. 6, Heifer, born in 1929 - 1st and 2nd, C. Stauffer.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Morrison, McGregor, and Miss Lenora Gearing of Toronto, left last Sunday for Calgary en route to Banff and other mountain resorts.

Dr. and Mrs. W. D. McPhail and daughter Jean of Kindersley, Sask., were Oyen visitors last Sunday evening.

Mrs. W. T. A. Walker, Mrs. H. Johnson, Mrs. J. J. Skinner, Mrs. A. Wade and Mrs. C. P. Snyder, were judges of hall exhibits at the Chinook agricultural fair yesterday.

Mrs. Rose and son of Calgary, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Denton.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Peck left for Calgary last Sunday, en route to Cochrane, Alta., where they will visit their son Mr. Hubert Peck.

Dr. T. F. Holt was a Sedalia visitor last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Gosselin and daughter were week end visitors in Saskatoon. They returned to Oyen yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Gillespie left last Sunday for Calgary en route to Banff and other mountain resorts.

While en route to Montreal, Miss Cope and Mrs. de Satge of Calgary, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Denton last night.

Miss Jane Morrell who has been visiting her mother in Oyen is leaving tonight for Lacadena, Sask.

Sec. 7, Calf, born in 1930 - 1st C. Stauffer.

Grade Cattle, Class 16 - Dairy
Sec. 1, Cow, giving milk, born in 1927 or prior - 1st G. S. Peck, 2nd D. Warwick.

Sec. 2, Heifer, born in 1928 - 1st D. Warwick, 2nd G. S. Peck.

Sec. 3, Heifer, born in 1929 - 1st D. Warwick, 2nd G. S. Peck.

Sec. 4, Heifer calf, born in 1930 - 1st and 2nd D. Warwick.

Sec. 5, Grade dairy herd, all same breed, and progeny of pure bred sire - 1st D. Warwick.

Class 17 - Beef
Sec. 1, Cow, born in 1927 or prior - 1st E. H. Church, 2nd E. Anderson.

Sec. 2, Calf, born in 1930 - 1st E. Anderson, 2nd E. H. Church.

Sec. 3, Heifer, born in 1928 - 1st Len Walker, 2nd E. H. Church.

Sec. 4, Heifer, born in 1929 - 1st and 2nd, E. H. Church.

Sec. 5, Steer, born in 1928 - 1st E. H. Church.

Sec. 6, Steer, born in 1929 - 1st E. Anderson, 2nd E. H. Church.

Class 13a - Polled Angus
Sec. 1, Bull, born in 1928 or prior - 1st C. Nichol.

Sec. 2, Bull, born in 1929 - 1st C. Nichol.

Sec. 3, Calf, bull, born in 1930 - 1st C. Nichol.

Sec. 4, Cow, born in 1927 or prior - 1st and 2nd, C. Nichol.

Sec. 6, Heifer, born in 1929 - 1st and 2nd, C. Nichol.

Sec. 7, Calf, heifer, born in 1930 - 1st C. Nichol.

Special Prizes for Cattle
5. For the best fat steer, donated by People's Meat Market - E. H. Church.

7. For best cow or heifer on the grounds, beef type, donated by the Bank of Toronto - 1st C. Stauffer, 2nd C. Nichol, 3rd L. Walker.

8. For best hand fed calf, not over six months old, donated by S. A. Miller - 1st Walter Moore, 2nd Howard Church, 3rd Iva Byler, 4th Jean Austin.

PREMIER-ELECT



HON. R. B. BENNETT

whose party swept the country in the election held last Monday and will go into power with a comfortable working majority.

12. For the best dairy heifer any breed, under two years, donated by the Beaver Lamb Co. - 1st D. Warwick, 2nd G. S. Peck, 3rd Fred Hatch.

Sheep

Class 18 - Grade Sheep
Sec. 1, Ewe, any age - 1st T. Abbott, 2nd J. V. Sullivan.

Sec. 2, Ewe lamb - 1st T. Abbott, 2nd J. V. Sullivan.

Sec. 3, Shearling - 1st T. Abbott, 2nd J. V. Sullivan.

Class 19 - Registered Shropshires
Sec. 1, Ram, 2 years or over - 1st T. Abbott.

Class 20 - Oxford
Sec. 1, Ram, 2 years or over - 1st T. Abbott.

Special for Pen of Lambs
3. For the best pen of three fat lambs, donated by Mr. E. MacArthur and Mr. H. M. Reagan - 1st J. V. Sullivan, 2nd T. Abbott.

Goats

Class 22 - Pure-bred Milking Goats
Sec. 1, Pure-bred milking goat - 1st Fred Langford.

Sec. 2, Pure-bred buck, aged - 1st Fred Langford.

Registered Swine

Class 23 - Yorkshire
Sec. 3, Sow, six months or under - 1st & 2nd E. H. Church.

Sec. 4, Boar, 6 months or under - E. H. Church.

Grade Hogs

Class 27 - Grade Hogs
Sec. 1, Bacon hog, for marketing, 170 lbs to 230 lbs - 1st G. Cordell.

Sec. 2, Brood sow, over one year - 1st W. J. Byler, 2nd John Othen.

Sec. 3, One pair of hogs, six months or under - 1st John Othen, 2nd W. J. Byler.

A list of prize winners in hall exhibits, will be published in the next issue of the News.

Sixth Fortnightly Crop Report

July 29, 1930.

Rains have been general throughout the Province during the past fortnight, and have created a more optimistic outlook particularly in the south-east where hot dry weather has caused damage to dry land crops. On summerfall and on irrigated land in the south, crops are good; those on spring prepared land will be light.

In the central eastern part of the Province fields which escaped serious damage from blowing and cut worms are making excellent progress. In many fields the stand is thin and patchy and reseeded grain is late. There is, however, assurance of ample feed for live-

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE OR TRADE - One Miller wire sweater, One Masony Harris Cultivator, 8-ft. stiff tooth, power lift. For sale or will trade for house. Apply to E. Bailey, Oyen, Alta. Phone 111.

FOR SALE - From the Estate of the late Wm. Jones, Hanna. One new International Truck. Six speed Special, 1929 model. Will sell below cost price. Mrs. Maude M. Jones, Hanna, Alta.

FOR SALE - A quantity of 1928 and 1929 Autos. Apply: Robert Lewison, Oyen, Alta. W-4525-4.

FOR SALE - Fifteen acres of good standing Oats. Ready to be cut. Apply to: W. Kemble, Oyen, Alta.

FOR SALE - A quantity of chicken feed, also feed wheat and some oats. Apply to: W. M. Denton, Beaton, Alta.

TENDERS FOR SCHOOL HOUSE

Sealed Tenders will be received by the Board of Trustees, Ardenburg School District No. 440, at the office of the Secretary-Treasurer up to noon August 31st, for the erection of a new three roomed Frame school building, after Plan Number Special No. 5. Plans and specifications may be obtained from Secretary-Treasurer on payment of a deposit of \$5.00. Plans must be returned within 24 hours, and deposit will then be refunded. A marked cheque for five per cent of the amount on tender should be enclosed with each tender as a guarantee that same will be made. The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted. Mrs. Margaret Osmond, Secretary-Treasurer, Gold Springs, Alberta.

Nearest Station Buffalo, Alberta, 18 miles.

NOTICE OF IMPOUNDMENT

NOTICE is hereby given under Part II, section 34 of The Domestic Animals (Unorganized Territory) Act that a lay mare, aged, with white star on forehead, branded, ventral area of hindquarters J on Robinson, was impounded in the pound kept by the undersigned on the month of June, quarter of Section 16, Township 21, Range 6, west of the 11th. Meridian, on the 8th day of July, 1930. M. W. Wadsworth, Poundkeeper, Cappon, Alta.

CHURCH NOTICES

OYEN UNITED CHURCH

Sunday, August 3, at 7:30 p.m.
During the month of August Services will be conducted by Rev. J. W. Derby of Hanna. Everybody welcome. Rev. H. C. Woods.

July Rainfall

July 1 2	23
July 4	04
July 10-11	71
July 19	21
July 21	11
July 23	22
July 25	04
July 26	12
July 27	13
Total to date 181	

stock. Along the eastern half of the main line of the C.N.R., crops are good. North of this line, west of the C.P.R. from Edmonton to Calgary and in the Peace River district excellent conditions prevail. Plenty of warm weather to hasten maturity is all that is required. Grains in this area will mature about seven days later than last year, while south of Calgary the forecast will hardly countenance similar in advance of the usual season.

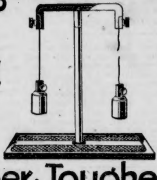
Oats and barley are growing rapidly and many heavy stands are seen. About 50 per cent of oats are heading and practically all of the barley.

Hay has been reported at a number of points, but does not exceed the average.

Hay is in progress. Alfalfa is making a very heavy growth. Pasture grass is in good condition. Sugar beets are doing well.

The Weight Test

Shows Gum-Dipped Cords are Stronger-Tougher



HERE is a test which easily proves the value of Gum-Dipping---the extra patented Firestone process of saturating and insulating every fibre of every cord in a Firestone tire with rubber to eliminate internal heat and friction---the greatest enemy to tire life.

A two-ounce weight is suspended on the end of one strand of a cord (a) taken from an ordinary tire. The strand breaks in 15 seconds. A similar weight is suspended on a Gum-Dipped strand (b) taken from a Firestone tire---it remains unbroken for 45 seconds---three times as long!

Let your nearest Firestone dealer equip your car with a set of these stronger, tougher, more dependable tires that hold the world's records for mileage and endurance. See him to-day.

FIRESTONE TIRE and RUBBER CO. OF CANADA LIMITED

Hamilton Ontario

Firestone

builds the only

GUM-DIPPED TIRES

FOR SALE BY

CHAS. P. SNYDER

OYEN

The Implement and Ford Man

ALTA.

Fair Prize Winners

(Continued from page 1.)

Sec. 6, Filly or gelding, foaled 1929 - 1st H. Cates, 2nd R. P. Hall, 3rd F. S. McNe.

Sec. 7, Team in harness 3000 lbs. or over - 1st F. S. McNe, 2nd R. Cates, 3rd H. Cates.

Class 8 - Registered Clydesdale
Sec. 1, Brood mare with foal by side - 1st, 2nd and 3rd, T. Abbott.

Sec. 2, Foal, foaled in 1930 - T. Abbott, 2nd H. Cates, 3rd T. Abbott.

Sec. 3, Dry mare, foaled in 1929 or prior - 1st, 2nd and 3rd, R. Cates.

Sec. 4, Filly, foaled 1927 - 1st T. Abbott.

Sec. 5, Filly, foaled 1928 - 1st T. Abbott, 2nd H. Cates.

Sec. 6, Filly, foaled 1929 - 1st and 2nd, R. Cates.

Sec. 9, Stallion, foaled in 1927 or prior - 1st W. Russell, 2nd R. Cates.

The Gold medal donated by the Clydesdale Horse Association of Canada, for the best Clydesdale mare, was won by Mr. Thos. Abbott.

The Russell Cup, donated by Mr. Walter Russell of Crossfield, Alta., for the best foal, sired by the pure bred Clydesdale stallion, "Ben Garnet" was won by Mr. Thos. Abbott.

Class 10 - Registered Belgian
Sec. 9, Stallion, foaled in 1927 or prior - 1st R. P. Hall.

Special Prizes for Horses
1. For best team in harness on the grounds, donated by F. C. Bliss - F. S. McNe.

2. For the best mare on the grounds, donated by Acheson Hardware - W. J. Ada.

4. For the best 1930 colt, sired